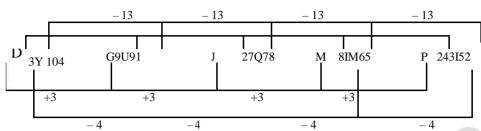
NTSE STAGE II CODE: 13 - 15

MAT HINTS & SOLUTIONS

1. Sol.

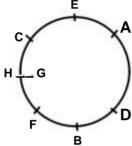
3



2. $0.8 \rightarrow (0.8)^3 = 0.512$ Sol.

 $0.04 \rightarrow (0.04)^3 = 0.000064$

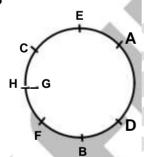
3. Sol.



F is sitting third to the left of G.

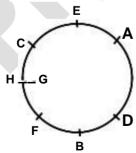
4. Sol.

3



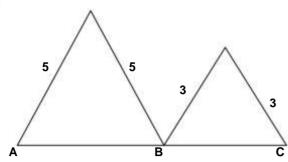
H and F are sitting next to each other.

5. Sol.



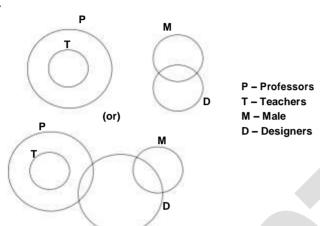
ECHFBDG are sitting to the right of A in the same order.

6. Sol. 1



Clearly, B, C are to the east of A.

7. Sol. 4



Here, from conclusions we can verify that either I or II and III are the possible conclusions, which is nothing but either I and III follows, or II and III follows.

- 8. **3**
- Sol. By observation.
- 9.
- Sol. From options we can verify that I represents male trainers who play cricket.
- 10.
- Sol. Hindi C 2

English -D-5

Science – B – 1

Maths -A-3

Sanskrit - E - 4

C teachers Hindi in 2nd period.

- 11. 2
- Sol. Hindi C 2

English -D-5

Science - B - 1

Maths -A-3

Sanskrit – E – 4

Sanskrit -4 - E is the correct sequence.

- 12.
- Sol. Hindi C 2

English -D-5

Science - B - 1

Maths - A - 3

Sanskrit - E - 4

Mathematics, Science, Hindi, English, Sanskrit is the correct order.

- 13. **3**
- Sol. By observation.
- 14. 3
- Sol. After interchanging symbols the expression will be:

$$-33 + 11 - 9 + 28 \div 4 \times 5 = 4$$

- 15. **1**
- Sol.R E A S O N -2 +2 -2 +2 -2 +2 P G Y U M P

Similarly, DIRECT is coded as BKPGAV.

- 16. **2**
- Sol. Given, Age of C = 12 So, age of Husband = 65 Hence, Age of Ram = 50
- 17. **3**
- Sol.

Anu	Joy	Pritam	Zeba
Mon (1)	Tues (1)	Wed (1)	Thurs (1)
Fri (1)	Mon (2)	Tues (2)	Wed (2)
Thurs(2)	Fri (2)	Mon (3)	Tues(3)
Wed (3)	Thurs(3)	Fri(3)	

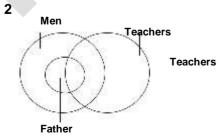
Least number of days = Zeba, 3 days.

- 18. **1**
- Sol.

Anu	Joy	Pritam	Zeba
Mon (1)	Tues (1)	Wed (1)	Thurs (1)
Fri (1)	Mon (2)	Tues (2)	Wed (2)
Thurs(2)	Fri (2)	Mon (3)	Tues(3)
Wed (3)	Thurs(3)	Fri(3)	

Pritam, Zeba and Anu is the required order.

- **19. 4**
- Sol. Required price = (0.6) (0.4) (1000) = Rs 240.
- 20. 2
- Sol. $(4\times5)-(2+5)=13$ $(6\times4)-(7+2)=15$ Similarly, $(8\times3)-(4+6)=14$
- 21.
- Sol.



- Sol. From Guitar comes music as knowledge comes from book.
- 23. 2
- Sol. Given, Reena = (2 + Rita) = (5 + Zoha)Reena + Zoha = 3 (Rita - 5)After solving we get $\rightarrow Rita = 14$.
- 24. 3
- Sol. Butter scotch + Vanila = 8 cubes Chocolate + Butter scotch = 4 cubes Hence, total 12 cubes are there.
- 25. **2**
- Sol. 8 cubes are there with only butter scotch on them.
- 26. 3
- Sol. Cube with chocolate coating = 8 Required, answer = 24 8 = 16
- **2**7. **1**
- Sol. From the question, it was clear that Monica's shadow was to the right of Tanya. Hence, Tanya was facing south. So Monica was facing north.
- 28. **3**
- Sol. By using 2 given statements we get the sequence as: B/D, A/C, E, A/C, B/D So, E is sitting between A and C.
- 29. **2**
- Sol. From each race, we are selecting $2 \Rightarrow$ eliminating 2. We need to eliminate 14. Hence, 7 races are required.
- 30. **2**
- Sol. b c e g k m q s 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19
- 31. **None**
- Sol.. Required answer must be



Hence, none of the options is correct.

- 32.
- Sol. From the given dices we can observe that:
 - 3 is opposite to 4.
 - 2 is opposite to 6.
 - 5 is opposite to 1

Hence, option 4.

- 33. **2**
- Sol. 2 10 30 68 130 222 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

$$1^{3}+1$$
 $2^{3}+2$ $3^{3}+3$ $4^{3}+4$ $5^{3}+5$ $6^{3}+6$

- 34. 3
- Sol. We have,

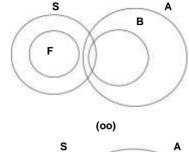
T is the wife of S

S is the son of B

B is the wife of M

Hence, option '3' is the answer.

- 35. 1
- Sol.

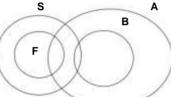


S - Snakes

F - Frogs

B - Birds

A - Apples



So, either I or II follows and III follows.

36.

Here, 107 has to be there in the place of 106.

Note: In the question it was given 643 but it must be 443.

- 37.
- By observation Sol.
- 38.
- Sol. Shree, Amilia > Parul > Ronald > Veena

Hence, Option 4.

39. 3

Sol.
$$1^2 + 5^2 + 7^2 = 75$$

$$9^2 + 7^2 + 8^2 = 194$$

Similarly,
$$8^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 = 89$$

- 40.
- By observation. Sol.
- 41.
- Let 'x' seconds be the gap between two consecutive chimes. Sol.

So, 7x = 8

 \Rightarrow x = 8/7 seconds.

Required answer, 10x = 80/7 = 11.43 seconds

- 42. 3
- Sol. ABCD, ABDF, ABDH, ABDE

AFED, FAGD, FACD, AHDG



EDGA, EDCA, CDHA Hence, option 3.

43. **4**

Sol. Umesh > Kamal > Tarun > Prem > Shyam > Ramesh

Football - Tarun

Cricket - Data not sufficient

Tennis – Insufficient data

Kabaddi – Umesh

Squash - Insufficient data

Volleyball - Ramesh

Umesh plays kabaddi.

44. **1**

Sol. Umesh > Kamal > Tarun > Prem > Shyam > Ramesh

Football - Tarun

Cricket - Data not sufficient

Tennis – Insufficient data

Kabaddi - Umesh

Squash - Insufficient data

Volleyball – Ramesh

Prem is in the fourth place.

45. **4**

Sol. Umesh > Kamal > Tarun > Prem > Shyam > Ramesh

Football - Tarun

Cricket - Data not sufficient

Tennis – Insufficient data

Kabaddi - Umesh

Squash - Insufficient data

Volleyball - Ramesh

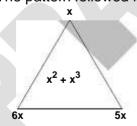
Clear, option 4.

46. **3**

Sol. 1218199 1006480 814963 643648 $\frac{492535}{\downarrow}$ 11^29^2 (11x9) 10^28^2 (10x8) 9^27^2 (9x7) 8^26^2 (8x6) 7^25^2 (7x5)

47. 3

Sol. The pattern followed is:

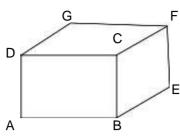


Hence, option 3.

49.

Sol. (20)(25) = (10)5 + (15)5 + (20)5 + (25)5 + (30)5

50. Sol. 3



The maximum length of the rod = AF We have, AF 2 = AE 2 + EF 2

$$AF = \int (\sqrt{2})^2 + (1)^2 = \sqrt{3}$$

NTSE STAGE II

	SAT HINTS & SOLUTIONS
1. Sol.	3 Aerobic respiration takes place in mitochondria.
2. Sol.	2 Cow has a special additional part in their stomach to digest cellulose present in the food.
3. Sol.	1 In touch me not plant leaflets are closed after contact due to change in Turgon pressure.
4. Sol.	3 Pancreas is known as 'mixocrine or dual gland'.
5. Sol.	4 Placenta provide nutrition to the foetus during pregnancy in human beings.
6. Sol.	4 Endocrine glands pour their secretions directly in the blood.

- 7
- Sol. Cell of meristematic tissues are actively dividing having dense cytoplasm, thin cell wall and no vacuoles or minute vacuole.

- 8.
- Sol. The 4 characteristics present in chordates are
 - Notocord
 - Pharyngeal gill slits or pouches
 - Dorsal tubular nerve cord
 - Post anal Tail
- 9. 3
- Sol. In symbiotic relationship between a bacterium and a root of leguminous plants the bacteria provide NH₄ to plant and the root provides carbon.
- 10.
- Biological magnification is the Accumulation of chemicals from lower trophic level to higher Sol. trophic level.
- 11.
- Sol. Ex - situ conservation-

Strategies include botanical gardens, zoos, conservation stands, gene, pollen, seed, seedling, tissue culture and DNA banks.

- 12.
- Sol. Temperature increases due to the entrapment of infra red radiations.
- 13.
- A. small pox caused by virus Sol.
 - B. cholera caused by bacteria.

- C. the carrier organism of malaria is female anopheles mosquito
- D. deficiency of iron leads to anaemia.
- 14. **4**
- Sol. The phenotype ratio of dihybrid cross is 9:3:3:1

$$\therefore \frac{240 \times 1}{16} = 15$$

This shows wrinkled and green is the recessive character.

- 15. **2**
- Sol. Number of neutrons in one molecule of water(H_2O) = 8 Number of neutrons in five moles of water = $8 \times 5 \times 6.022 \times 10^{23}$

$$= 240.88 \times 10^{23}$$
$$= 2.4088 \times 10^{25}$$
$$\sim 2.409 \times 10^{25}$$

- 16. **4**
- Sol. Sodium is highly reactive, so it will form precipitation of Cu(OH)₂. Iron is more reactive than copper So, it displaces copper from aqueous solution of copper sulphate

$$Fe + CuSO_4 \longrightarrow FeSO_4 + Cu$$

- 17. 2
- Sol. A is suspension as particles are visible to naked eye and settle down.C is solution as beam of light is invisible in itB and D are colloids as particles are invisible and beam of light visible.
- 18. **2**
- Sol. Alpha particles penetrate through thin aluminium foil and scattering cannot be observed.
- 19.
- Sol. Magnesium ribbon is rubbed with sand paper to remove magnesium oxide layer.
- 20. 2
- Sol. Formation of CaO from CaCO₃, Na₂CO₃ from NaHCO₃ and Hg from HgO are undergoing thermal decomposition.

Al from Al₂O₃ is electrolytic decomposition

- 21. '
- Sol. X is amphoteric in nature and electropositive
- 22. **2**
- Sol. Z is sodium chloride, which does not conduct electricity in its pure solid state.
- 23. **4**
- Sol. Covalent bonds in NH⁺₄ and ionic bond between NH⁺₄ and Cl⁻
- 24. 3
- Sol. Sulphur cannot be used as reducing agent
- 25. **4**
- Sol. Number of oxygen atoms = 9.033×10^{23} Number of moles of oxygen atoms = $\frac{9.033 \times 10^{23}}{6.022 \times 10^{23}}$ = 1.5

Mass of 1.5 mole oxygen atoms = $1.5 \times 16 = 24$

$$2H_2 + O_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O$$

Number of moles of hydrogen atoms = $1.5 \times 2 = 3$

26.

Sol. $C_{13}H_{26}O_2$, $C_2H_4O_2$ and $C_9H_{18}O_2$ are in the forms of C_nH_{2n+1} COOH and $C_7H_{12}O_2$ is not in this form.

27. **3**

Sol. Soap foam appears white as it reflects light of all wavelengths

28. **2**

Sol.
$$\frac{(n + 4.8 \times 10^{18}) \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}}{1} = 1.12$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 2.2 \times 10^{18}$$

29. **3**

Sol. A solenoid of finite length carrying current produces magnetic field like bar magnet.

30. 4

Sol.
$$i = \frac{30}{10} = 3A;$$
 $V-V_A=10 \times 1=10$
 $i_1 = 1A \text{ (upper branch)}$ $V-V_B=2 \times 10=20$
 $i_2 = 2A \text{ (lower branch)}$ $V_A-V_B=10V$

31. 1

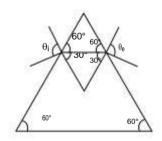
Sol. Magnetic force does not affect the magnitude of velocity. Because magnetic force always act perpendicular to velocity.

32. **3**

Sol. Force due to electric field changes magnitude of velocity and hence momentum.

33. **3**

Sol.
$$\delta$$
 = (i₁ - r₁) + (i₂ - r₂)
 60° = (θ _i - 30°) + (θ _e - 30°) (since r₁ = r₂ = 30°)
 $\Rightarrow \theta$ _i + θ _e = 120°
 2θ _i = 120° (since, θ _i = θ _e)
 θ _i = θ _e = 60°

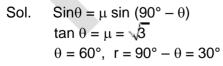


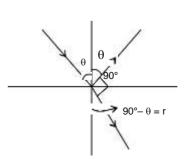
34. 1

Sol. SPEAR should be thrown at actual object which is below the image.

LASER will follow refraction of light hence it will bend. So it should be sent towards virtual image.

35. **2**





Sol.
$$\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 v = -300; u = ∞

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{f} = -300^{1} - \infty^{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 f = -300

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ case} = \frac{1}{-50 - d} = \frac{1}{-1} \Rightarrow d = 60 \text{ cm} -300$$

37. 4

> Sol. From conservation of

v₁ is the speed before hitting ground.

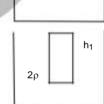
Sol.
$$A\frac{h}{2} \times \rho g + A \times \frac{h}{4} \times 2\rho g = mg$$
 ...(i)

$$Ah_1 \times 2\rho h = mg$$

From (i) and (ii)

$$\begin{array}{c} h \\ A \\ 2 \times \rho g + A \end{array} \begin{array}{c} h \\ 4 \times 2\rho g = Ah_1 \times 2\rho g \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow h_1 = h_2$$

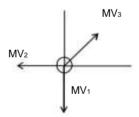


h/4

Sol.
$$F_{net} = 0$$

$$P_1 + P_2 + P_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $V_3 = 1$ $V_1^2 + V_2^2$



Sol.
$$F \times X_1 = KE$$

$$F \times X_2 = KE$$

$$\Rightarrow X_1 = X_2$$

Sol.
$$N=13Q_1+3$$

$$N = 21Q_2 + 11$$

Number lies between 500 and 600. So the only number is 536

$$\therefore$$
 Remainder by 19 = 4

Sol.0.
$$\overline{34} + 0.34 = 0.68787.... = 0.687$$

Sol.
$$P(x) = k(x+1)^2$$

 $P(-2) = k(-1)^2 = 2$
 $\Rightarrow k = 2$
 $\therefore P(2) = 2(2+1)^2$
= 18

44. 4
Sol.
$$x-y=2$$
 $kx+y=3$

$$x = \frac{5}{1+k}, y = \frac{3-2k}{1+k}$$
 $\Rightarrow 1+k>0 \text{ and } 3-2k>$
 $0 \text{ k}>-1 \text{ and } k<\frac{3}{2}$

45. 4

Sol.
$$\frac{a_{10} - 2a_{8}}{2a_{9}} \\
= \frac{\alpha^{10} - \beta^{10} - 2\alpha^{8} + 2\beta^{8}}{2\alpha^{9} - 2\beta^{9}} \\
= \frac{\alpha s(\alpha_{2} - 2) - \beta s(\beta_{2} - 2)}{2(\alpha_{9} - \beta_{9})} \\
= \frac{\alpha s(6\alpha) - \beta s(6\beta)}{2(\alpha_{9} - \beta_{9})} \\
= \frac{2(\alpha_{9} - \beta_{9})}{2(\alpha_{9} - \beta_{9})} \\
= 3$$

46. 2
Sol.
$$S_1 + S_2 + \dots + S_r$$

$$= n(1+2+\dots+r) + \frac{n_2}{1+3+5+\dots+r} + (2r-1)$$

$$2 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ () \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-\frac{n}{1} + 3 + 5 + \dots + (2r-1)$$

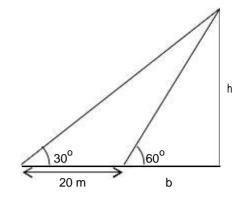
$$r. r + 1$$

$$= \frac{\binom{n}{2} \cdot n + \frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{n^2}{2}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{nr(1+nr)}{2}$$

Sol.tan60 =
$$\frac{h}{b}$$
 \Rightarrow h = $\sqrt{3}b$
tan30 = $\frac{h}{b+20}$ h = $\frac{b+20}{\sqrt{3}}$
So, $\sqrt{3}b = \frac{b+20}{\sqrt{3}}$
 $3b = b+20$

 $b = 10 \, m$



48. 1
Sol.
$$\cos ec x - \sin x = a$$
 $1 - \sin^2 x = a \sin x$
 $\cos^2 x = a \sin x$
Again, $\sec x - \cos x = b$
 $1 - \cos^2 x = b \cos x$
 $\sin^2 x = b \cos x$
 $\left(\frac{\sin^2 x}{b}\right)^2 = a \sin x$
So, $\sin^3 x = ab^2$
 $\cos^3 x = a^2 b$
 $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$
 $(ab^2)_3 + (a^2 b)_3 = 1$

49. 3

Sol. When rope = 12 m, area =
$$4^{1} \pi(12^{2})$$

When rope = 23 m, area = $4^{1} \pi(23^{2})$

:. Increase in area =
$$4^{1} \pi (23^{2} - 12^{2})$$

= $4^{1} \cdot 22_{7} \cdot 35.11$
= 302. 5 m²

50.

∴ Area of circular field = 1848 m²

∴ Radius of circular field = 14√3 m

Sol.
$$r_1 : r_2 = 1:2$$

 $\Rightarrow \theta = 120^O$ (comparing sector circumference)

$$\therefore r = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$h_1^2 = 54 r_1^2$$

$$h_2^2 = 8r_2^2$$

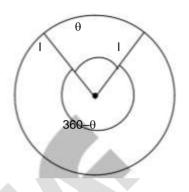
$$v_1 = \frac{r_2 \cdot h}{r_2^2 \cdot h_2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{r_1^4 \cdot h_1^2}{r_2^4 \cdot h_2^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{325 \times 64}$$

$$= \sqrt{10}$$

$$= 1: \sqrt{10}$$



Sol. Size of biggest cube =
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 m

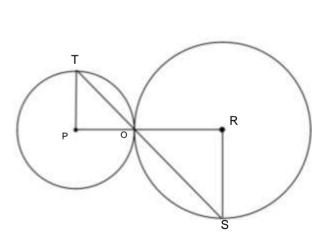
∴ Weight of cube =
$$\frac{1}{27} \times 90 =$$

= $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 \text{ kg}$

Sol.
$$\angle POT = \angle PTO$$
 (angles opposite to equal sides)

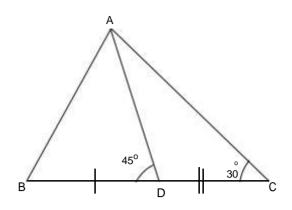
$$\angle$$
RSO = \angle ROS (angles opposite to equal sides)

PT RS (Converse of alternate angle theorem)



Sol.
$$\angle ADC = 135^{\circ}$$

- $\therefore \angle BAD + \angle ABC = 135^{\circ}$
- .. option (2) is the valid answer.



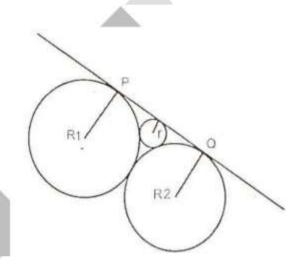
Sol.
$$PM = 2/R_1r$$
 (direct common tangent)

$$PQ = 2\sqrt{R_{1.R_2}}$$

$$MQ = 2 r!R_2$$

$$2\sqrt{R_1r + 2\sqrt{rR_2}} = 2\sqrt{R_1R_2}$$

 $1\sqrt{1 + 1} = 1$



Sol.Let
$$BP = x cm = BQ$$

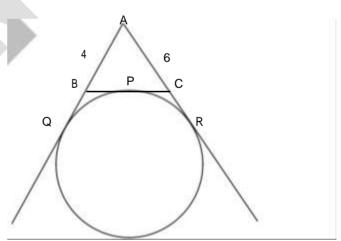
Then,
$$CP = 5 - x cm = CR$$

AQ = AR (tangents from a point to a

circle are equal)

$$4 + x = 6 + (5 - x)$$

$$x = 3.5$$



57.

$$(x-6)^2 + (y+6)^2 \sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y+7)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 12y - 12x + 72 = 14y - 6x + 58

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2y + 6x - 14 = 0

$$\Rightarrow 3x + y = 7 \tag{1}$$

Again

$$(x-6)^2 + (y+6)^2 \sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y-3)^2}$$

$$12y - 12x + 72 = -6x - 6y + 18$$

$$6x - 18y = 54$$

$$x - 3y = 9$$

$$\therefore x = 3, y = -2$$

$$X = \frac{-3 \pm 8}{7} = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{12 + 6}{7} = \frac{18}{7}$$

$$x + 2y = k$$

$$\Rightarrow k = {}^{5}7 +$$

$$36_{7} = 41_{7}$$

$$10+x=\frac{5+x+y}{3}$$

$$30 + 3x = 5 + x + y$$

$$2x - y = -25$$

Again,
$$y - 15 = \frac{5 + x + y}{3}$$

$$3y - 45 = 5 + x + y$$

$$x - 2y = -50$$
 (2)

Solving, we get x = 0 and y = 25

$$\therefore \text{ Mean of squares} = \frac{0+25+625}{2}$$

$$=\frac{650}{3}=216\frac{2}{3}$$

Total cases
$$= 216$$

$$\therefore \text{ Probability} = {}^{53}54$$